UNC SCHOOL OF SOCIAL WORK CLINICAL LECTURE SERIES

Trauma and Unrelenting Crises

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November 13, 2017 University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill School of Social Work "Pain is inevitable but suffering is optional."

SCENARIO

Multiple Vulnerabilities

- · History of trauma
- Multiple hardships
- Diagnoses and settings

Trauma

Physiological Impact

- ACEs Study
 - Increase risk for 7 out of the 10 leading causes of death
 - 20 year difference in life expectancy for high numbers of ACES
 - Controlling for high risk behavior, individuals with an ACE score of 4 or more are still more likely to develop heart disease or cancer

Neurological Impact

- Threats system activation
- Repeated exposure to threat alters brain development
 - Problem is compounded by difficulty distinguishing between real and perceived threats
- · Increased rates of high risk behavior

Trauma Related Beliefs

- Brain is hardwired to organize perceptions and information
 - o Create a belief system or narrative
- Trauma can disrupt these belief systems
 - o Avoidance
 - o Cognitive fusion

Themes in Session

- Avoidance
 - o Takes many forms
 - o Happens in and out of session
- Numbing
 - o Only feel "alive" when reliving the past
- Stuck
 - Movement to healing is not a given, even with opportunity
 - AND some circumstances don't allow for much opportunity

Themes in Session

- Shame
 - o About how they behaved during the trauma
 - o About current responses, even decades later
- Relational difficulties
 - o Trust
 - o Disconnection
- Susceptibility to extreme emotions
 - o For some this is biological predisposition
 - o Trauma related
- Vulnerability to further crises

Activity

"How much of our professional training is geared towards staying in control of terrifying and confusing realities?

- Bessel van der Kolk (2014)

Impact on the Therapist

- Cognitions
 - What are we telling ourselves about the client?
 About ourselves at therapists?
- Emotions
 - Hopelessness, helplessness, resentment, anger, guilt
- Responses
 - How do these thoughts and feelings influence the process?

Impact on Therapy

- Therapists behaviors towards client
 - Paralysis
 - o Abandonment
 - o Rejection
 - o Blame
 - o Over-control
 - Avoidance
- Client perception of therapist responses

Solutions

Much of human suffering is related to love and loss, and the job of a therapist is to help people acknowledge, experience, and bear the reality of life.

-ELVIN SEMRAD



Acceptance

Math Problems? Or Sunsets?

Acceptance

- Using Radical acceptance
 - o Of the client, yourself and the process
 - Allowing
 - o Of the world
 - Identifying your own "shoulds"
- Teaching Radical Acceptance

Acceptance

- Validation
 - Communication that another person make sense and are understandable to you
 - o Why?
 - o How?
- What does this look like with these clients?
 - o "You are in hell."
- Functional validation

Change

Life Worth Living Goals



Cognitive Change

- Observation of thoughts
- Interpretation of events and self
- Therapist style
 - Use of validation as much as modification
 - Non-verbals
 - o Balance
 - o Positive reinforcement

Affect Regulation

- Affect Regulation Tasks
- Purpose of emotions
- Natural vs. manufactured emotions

Re-Connection

- To selfmindfulness
- Relationships
- Community
- Higher Power

Assessments

- Ways of Coping Checklist
- Reasons for Living

For the Therapist

Fostering Connection

- Mindfulness practice
- Creating and holding space
- · Assumption of positive intent
- Self-involving self-disclosure

Secondary Trauma

- ABCs
 - Awareness
 - o Balance
 - o Connection

Capacity

- Growing capacity o Ability to tolerate
 - o Clinical skills
 - Trainings, books
 - o Own support
 - Therapy, peer support, supervision



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